Case No.: JUNGC-001A

#### APPARATUS FOR FACILITATING VIEWING BY HUMAN EYE

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

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(Not Applicable)

STATEMENT RE:

FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH/DEVELOPMENT

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(Not Applicable)

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### Field of the Invention

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The present invention is generally directed to viewing apparatus. More particularly, the present invention is directed to apparatus for facilitating viewing of an object by human eye.

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# Background of the Invention

The use of viewing aids for the human eye has long been known in the art. Presently, a number of viewing aids utilize various image magnification and enhancement to better aid the human eye in viewing of a desired object, person or text. These existing devices, however, suffer from several shortcomings that hinder their effectiveness or a viewer's desire to use them.

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Generally, in their most common form, these devices utilize an optical lens such as a magnifying glass to enlarge the view of an object as perceived by the human eye. Due to the convex nature of the lens, however, only a small portion of the lens may be effectively utilized for focusing on an object without undesirable shifting of the

object from view, resulting in image stabilization problems that can be quite distracting to the user. Achieving focusing is also an issue which requires the user to physically move the glass in order to obtain a focused. image. The optical lens also requires ample lighting for proper viewing. In addition, a typical magnifying glass only magnifies, and provides no additional features such as color contrast or other forms of image enhancement.

\_[0004] Other forms of magnifying glasses have tried to address the illumination issue by use of a lamp installed frame portion of the magnifying glass. some suffers from the shortcomings of loss however, brightness from the light source as the gain to the image the provided illumination size increases. Furthermore, oftentimes lacks uniformity and typically cannot adjusted in intensity. In addition, the foregoing problems of achieving focusing and lack of additional features such as color contrast or other forms of image enhancement still remain at issue.

HRL (0005) A third form of visual aid is the use electronic camera in conjunction with a separate video monitor. Disadvantages associated with this approach is the lack of portability of the whole system, complicated connections and setups, and excessive cost. In addition, human physiology may also be compromised in form of neck and back strain, and even nausea from visual disorientation as a user is required to constantly shift focus from the camera to the video monitor. In addition, the camera unit in this setting is fixed in orientation, thus requiring that the object be brought to the instrument, which may not always be possible or convenient.

HRL TOOGS Ιt therefore an object of the is invention to provide an apparatus that is small in size, portable, and capable of providing illumination and a

variety of image enhancement and magnification features to facilitate the viewing of an object by human eye.

Summary of the Invention

These and other objects are achieved by apparatus the present invention. In a broad aspect, the present intention provides novel apparatus for facilitating viewing of an object by human eye. The apparatus includes a holder mechanism having a support portion with opposing first and second support surfaces, at least one light source disposed on the holder mechanism first surface to illuminate at least a portion of the object and at least one electronic camera \unit disposed on the holder mechanism first surface, the camera being operative to record at least one image of the object.

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The apparatus further includes at least one image processor module in electrical communication with the camera unit to format the recorded image for display, at least one image display device having a display region, the display device disposed on the holder mechanism second surface and in electrical communication with the image processor module to display the formatted image on the display region, and at least one user-interfaced control mechanism disposed on the holder mechanism electrical communication with the image processor module for controlling the operations of the module to regulate display of the image by the display device.

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A more detailed understanding of these features, and of additional features, objects, and advantages of the present invention will be provided to those skilled in the from a consideration of the following Detailed Description of the Invention, taken in conjunction with the accompanying Drawings, which will now first be described briefly.

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Brief Description of the Drawings

[DO12] HRL (0010) FIG.1 is a three dimensional front view of an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a side sectional view of the exemplary embodiment of the present invention illustrated in FIG. 1 and illustrating additional features thereof.

1 (0012) FIG. 3 is a circuit block diagram illustrating the electronic layout and operations of the image processor of the present invention.

# Detailed Description of the Invention

HPL F00137 Referring more particularly to the Drawings, the present invention is directed to facilitating viewing of an object by human eye. This is accomplished in accordance with the teachings of the present invention by providing an apparatus having an electronic display device that displays images of an object captured by a camera incorporated in the apparatus and formatted by an image processing unit also located within the apparatus. In this way, formatted images can be viewed by the user at virtually any desired level of magnification and enhancement simply by controlling the image processing unit of the apparatus.

Turning now to the Drawings, FIG. 1 illustrates a three dimensional front view of an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the viewing device 1 in part includes a display region 100 disposed on the support 200, along with the user-interface mechanisms 300, 301 and 302 disposed along handle portion 201. As explained in more detail in conjunction with Fig. 2 below, the control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302 provide various ways for a user to desirably modify and manipulate the images shown on display region 100.

FIG. 2 provides a cross-sectional view further illustrating the additional understanding and features of

an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIG. 2, the viewing device 1 includes a support portion 200 having opposing surfaces 200a and 200b. At least one is disposed on one of source 500 the holder mechanism's opposing surfaces, such as opposing surfaces 200b, to illuminate at least a portion of a desired object to be\_viewed.

The viewing device 1 also includes electronic camera unit 600 disposed on the same opposing surface as the light source 500, to capture at least one image of the object, desirably as illuminated by the light source 500. Once an image of the object is captured, it is transmitted image processor module 400 which formats and the enhances the captured image for display on the display unit 100 of the display device 101 located on the surface opposite to that of the camera unit 600. The operations of the image processor module 400 are explained in more detail in conjunction with Fig. 3 below.

HRL-100171 The viewing device 1 further includes at least one of user-interface control mechanisms 300, 301 or 302 disposed on the apparatus, such as on the handle portion and in electrical communication with the processor module 400 for controlling the operations of module 400 to regulate display of the image by the display device 101 by a user. The user can regulate the display device 101 in various ways that include but are not limited to adjusting the magnification or enhancement of displayed image on display region 100, changing preferences such as auto power-off time, saving and recalling stored images as well as adjusting the illumination intensity of the light source 500 and the focusing operations of the camera unit 600.

exemplary embodiment In an of invention, the viewing device 1 includes an internal power

source 700, such as a rechargeable battery, that is housed in the handle portion 201 or support portion 200 to provide operational power to at least one of the camera unit 600, the image processor system 400, light sources 500 and image display device 101. External power sources such as adapters or transformers can also be connected to the viewing device 1 through power port 701 to provide power to the viewing device 1 as well as to recharge the rechargeable batteries.

provides 3 a circuit block illustrating in more detail the operations of the image processor module 400. As shown, the image processor module 400 includes processor system 405 and memory medium 406. The processor 405 is in electrical communication with the camera unit 600, the light sources 500, the display device 100 and the control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302 (not shown). In addition to formatting the captured image for processor system 405 also monitors and display, the controls the operations of the above components and receives operational instructions from the user via user inputs on the control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302. These instructions include but are not limited to instructions to adjust the magnification level, illumination intensity, and the focusing resolution level of the displayed image on the display region 100. In addition, the instructions may also include instructions to adjust the focusing characteristic of the camera unit 600, zoom mode, image enhancement such color mapping, edge detection, and inverse video display, as well as the illumination intensity of the light source 500.

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The processor 405 is in electrical communication with the image memory storage medium 406 for storage and retrieval of the pre-stored and/or user-inputted instructions as well as captured and formatted images.

HRL -100211 In an exemplary embodiment of the present

invention as shown in Fig. 3, the processor system 405 includes sub-processors 401 and 402 having dedicated memory storage mediums 403 and 404. In this configuration, one of the sub-processors, such as 401 is dedicated to 600 the initializing the camera unit and managing transferring of raw image data from the camera unit 600 into the memory storage medium 403. The other processor, such as 402, is dedicated to receiving user instructions from the control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302 and transferring data from memory storage medium 404 into display device 100. This sub-processor also performs image modification and manipulations as data is transferred from memory storage medium 403 to memory storage medium 404. In this way, faster processing of the images and the userinputted instructions is achieved. In addition, each of the sub-processors is provided with its own memory storage unit, such as memory storage mediums 403 and 404 to store instructions and images for that processor.

In another exemplary embodiment of the present processing module 400 the image programmable image processing module and can receive new preprogrammed instructions such as by inclusion interfacing with an Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory (EEPROM) unit. In addition, an optical alphanumeric character recognition module can also be included to recognize words and numbers in the image of a text. Also included is a voice synthesizer module to output sound patterns corresponding to the pronunciation recognized words and numbers.

Other features and functions of the image processing module 400 may include, but not limited to: image or text processing and enhancement for flat or curved

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<sup>1</sup> I would appreciate if you could please provide me with some further detail as to the operations of the processors as shown in Figure 3.

objects; image stabilization such as by auto focus and by auto track/cancellation of image jitter due to small hand movements, focus track, auto zoom, selectable or variable zoom, freeze frame and no movement of image opposite to hand motion; color shifting; brightness and contrast enhancement; infrared photography and edge detection and line drawing conversion. In addition, the processor 405 and storage medium 406 can be any commercially available product adapted to user interfacing features of the control mechanism and having features of image processing, data storage and other functions performed by the image processor as disclosed herein.

Returning to FIG. 1 and FIG. 2, interface control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302 are now discussed in greater detail. As illustrated, mechanisms 301, 302 represent a manual input button for selecting at least one operation of the image processor module 400, such as adjusting the illumination on the displayed image. In an exemplary embodiment, the user may use button 301 to browse through a menu and make a selection, then use button 302 to commit that selection to the image processor module 400, such as for execution or storage. Control mechanism 300 is a finger-operated selection device that allows browsing, selecting, and committing of the operations with an adjusting rolling switch. Other equally effective finger operated selection devices such as a sliding switch (not shown) may also be used in conjunction with the present invention. exemplary embodiment of the present invention, a graphic user interface (GUI) device may be used, alone or in combination with the above control mechanisms for browsing, selecting and committing of the operations of the image processor module 400. The GUI device may also be displayed in a portion of the display region 100. Other control

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mechanisms such as a voice input device may also be used. an exemplary embodiment of the present In invention the camera unit 600 is a charge-coupled device (CCD) camera unit and the display device 101 is a liquid crystal display (LCD) device. It should be emphasized that neither display region 100 nor the support portion 200 need be formed as the generally rectangular structure of Fig. 1 in order to come within the scope and teachings of the Rather, it is contemplated as being present invention. within the scope of the present invention to form display region 100 and the support portion 200 in a wide variety of geometric shapes ranging from simple bars and crescents through polygons, circles, and the like.

wh - 100267-It should also be noted that only the fundamental features of viewing device 1 are illustrated in the Those skilled in the art will appreciate that additional surface features, shapes, and details may be provided as desired, including projecting handling knobs, curbs, tabs, additional buttons, or the like as well as adjustable support members to hold the viewer at a fixed distance from an object thus to free the user from having to hold the device during extended viewing and reading time.

Additionally, support portion 200 and handle portion 201 can be formed of any available electrically compatible material having sufficient compressive and tensile strength to function in its intended environment as ground to the components of the support invention. Exemplary materials include grade metals such as stainless-steel and durable ceramics as well as grade plastics and composites. In the exemplary embodiment of the viewing device 1 shown in the figures, support portion 200 and handle portion 201 are formed of grade plastics. However, it should be emphasized that this is not a

limiting feature of the present invention and that alternative materials may be utilized as appropriate.

integrally fixedly disposed on a segment of support portion 200, although other methods of connection such as pins, pivots, hinges and rotational devices may also be equally used. It should also be noted that handle portion 201 is not essential to the overall operations of the present invention, with the control mechanisms 300, 301 and 302, as well as the power unit 700 and power port 701 can all be disposed on support portion 200.

the present invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from a consideration of the foregoing specification as well as through practice of the invention and alternative embodiments and methods disclosed herein. Therefore, it should be emphasized that the specification and examples are exemplary only, and that the true scope and spirit of the invention is limited only by the following claims.